



**Comm Skills Virtual Learning**

**Debate I &**

**Adv Competitive Debate**

**Debunking Conspiracy Theories**

**May 04, 2020**



Lesson: May 4, 2020

**Objective/Learning Target:  
Use logical thought to debunk conspiracy theories.**

# Bell Ringer/Let's Get Started

Think of a time when you heard someone tell you something you just didn't believe was true.

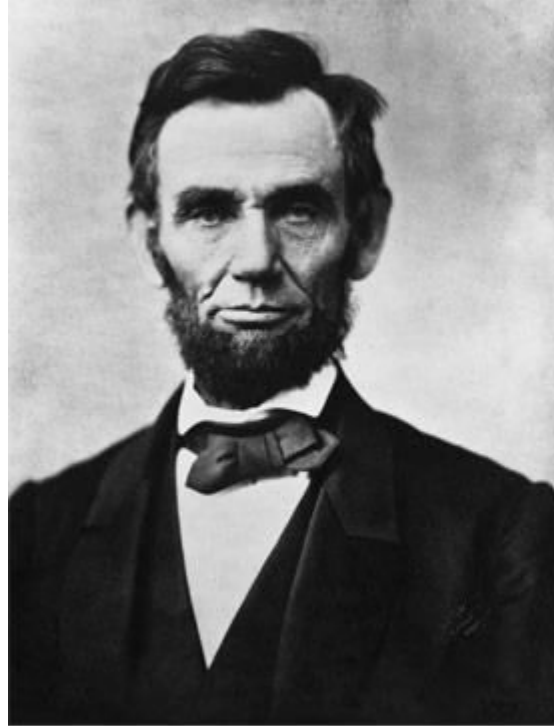
How did you know?

**“Don't believe everything you read on the Internet just because there's a picture with a quote next to it.”**

# Bell Ringer/Let's Get Started

Think of a time when you heard someone tell you something you thought may or may not be true.

What did you do to test that person's accuracy? Anything?



**“Don’t believe everything you read on the Internet just because there’s a picture with a quote next to it.”**

**—Abraham Lincoln**

# Lesson/Activity

In this video, Baloney Detection Kit, Dr. Shermer explains 10 questions to ask when confronting possible conspiracy theories or claims.

BALONEY DETECTION KIT

# Practice

Choose a conspiracy theory you are either familiar with, or one that can be found [here](#).

Look for flaws in this theory, using Shermer's 10 questions, that are listed on the next slide. For each question, how does the answer point toward the theory's invalidity.

# 10 questions from Shermer:

1. *How reliable is the source of the claim?*
2. *Does this source often make similar claims?*
3. *Have the claims been verified by another source?*
4. *How does the claim fit with what we know about how the world works?*
5. *Has anyone gone out of the way to disprove the claim, or has only supportive evidence been sought?*
6. *Does the preponderance of evidence point to the claimant's conclusion or to a different one?*
7. *Is the claimant employing the accepted rules of reason and tools of research, or have these been abandoned in favor of others that lead to the desired conclusion?*
8. *Is the claimant providing an explanation for the observed phenomena or merely denying the existing explanation?*
9. *If the claimant proffers a new explanation, does it account for as many phenomena as the old explanation did?*
10. *Do the claimant's personal beliefs and biases drive the conclusions, or vice versa?*

# Additional Resources